

THE Looming STORM

NEW ADMINISTRATION IS
PRIMED TO MAKE HUMAN
RIGHTS CRISIS WORSE

rePROs FIGHT BACK'S ANNUAL REPORT CARD HIGHLIGHTS THE LACK OF SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE FREEDOM: U.S. GETS AN "F"

VERMONT IS ONE OF 16 STATES RECEIVING A "B" OR HIGHER

A+

WASHINGTON, D.C. – Today, rePROs Fight Back released its 13th annual *50 State Report Card on Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights*. The report card tracks multiple indicators of sexual and reproductive health and rights, including access to family planning, sex education, abortion services, and gender-affirming care. While 2024 had some bright spots, including abortion-related ballot measures passing in 7 of the 10 states where they were on the ballot, we are still experiencing the fallout from the 2022 *Dobbs* decision. The human rights crisis unleashed by that decision has led states to continue restricting abortion access and has emboldened anti-rights advocates to increase their attacks on gender-affirming care. Due to these twin attacks on bodily autonomy and more, the U.S. received a failing grade.

Jennie Wetter, Director of rePROs Fight Back, said, "Last year showed that the fight for bodily autonomy is far from over. We saw voters turn out en masse to fight for abortion rights. We saw states enacting policies to protect abortion providers from investigations in hostile states. They were true beacons of hope in this gathering storm. Unfortunately, attacks on bodily autonomy show no signs of stopping in states hostile to abortion or transgender rights. Even worse we have already seen clear signs that anti-rights advocates intend to expand their attacks on trans people's access to healthcare and other LGBTQ+ rights, medication abortion, contraception, in particular young people's access to contraception, and much more."

IN THIS YEAR'S REPORT CARD, VERMONT RECEIVED AN "A." IT WAS ONE OF 5 STATES AWARDED AN "A."

METHODOLOGY

Using 11 criteria, the rePROs report card ranked each of the 50 states and the District of Columbia on three broad indicators relating to reproductive health and rights: prevention, affordability, and access. The criteria include elements of reproductive health such as: sex education, minors' access to birth control, access to emergency contraception in the emergency room, Medicaid expansion—including family planning expansion—abortion policy, and more. Based on their composite scores of 0-100, each state received a "core" grade of "A," "B," "C," "D," or "F." Some states received an additional "plus" or "minus" for factors not reflected in the core grade.

VERMONT'S GRADE

Vermont received an "A" this year. Most notably, Vermont received high marks for:

Vermont has no laws that make it unnecessarily difficult for someone to have an abortion

Vermont does not ban best practice medical care for transgender youth and has a shield law protecting access to transgender health care.

Vermont received a "plus" because its state Medicaid funds cover abortion.

STATE GRADES

Five states received an "A" in this year's report: California, New Mexico, Oregon, Vermont, and Washington. Twenty-five states received a failing grade: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.

THE NATIONAL GRADE

For the sixth year in a row, the U.S. as a whole received an "F." The fallout from the decision in *Dobbs v. Jackson Women's Health Organization*

and the ongoing assault on gender-affirming care were the major reasons for this grade.

Fallout from *Dobbs*

Abortion is completely banned or almost completely banned in 16 states. These restrictions force pregnant people to make hard choices: Do they travel out of state (if they are able to)? Do they expose themselves to legal risk by self-managing their abortion? Or do they carry an unwanted pregnancy to term, a decision that could have profound consequences? According to the [Turnaway Study](#), being denied a wanted abortion has many negative impacts including prolonged economic hardship and insecurity, increased likelihood of women* staying in contact with a violent partner, and more serious health problems than if they had the abortion.

*rePROs Fight Back (rePROs) intentionally uses the term "women" when describing data that did not include nonbinary people or transgender men in the research. Otherwise, rePROs is committed to using gender-inclusive language to represent all individuals who deserve full access to sexual and reproductive health services.

Gender-Affirming Care

Anti-rights advocates have turned their attention to banning best practice medication and surgical gendering-affirming care for transgender youth. As of the release of this report card, 24 states have banned both, though the ban is not in effect in two states due to court orders. Two additional states have banned best practice surgical care for transgender youth. Gender-affirming care is lifesaving health care; banning access to it can have major impacts on the health, including mental health, of transgender youth.

LOOKING AHEAD

In releasing this year's report card, Wetter warned that, "The threat posed by the new administration is a menacing storm looming on the horizon. We are already failing when it comes to meeting people's sexual and reproductive health needs by banning abortion, denying young people access to evidence-based sex education, blocking people from accessing affordable health care via Medicaid, putting gender-affirming care out of reach for many, and so much more. These impacts are never felt equally and disproportionately affect those who are already marginalized such as BIPOC, people with low-incomes, young people, those with disabilities, the LGBTQ+ community, and those at multiple intersections of these identities. With the threats posed to our right to bodily autonomy by potential federal actions from the new administration related to abortion access, transgender health care, health care costs, and more, people in every state are at risk. We must be ready for a long, hard fight to achieve a world with reproductive freedom for all."

BREAKDOWN OF SCORES | VERMONT | 87 / 100

PREVENTION

Sex Education 12 / 20

Vermont mandates comprehensive sex education in public schools, covering abstinence, HIV prevention, and different methods of contraception. Vermont also requires that sex education include information on healthy relationships.

Access to Emergency Contraception 0 / 5

Vermont has no laws affirming a sexual assault victim's right to emergency contraception in the emergency room.

Minors' Access to Contraception 5 / 5

Vermont explicitly allows all minors to consent to contraceptive services.



AFFORDABILITY

Medicaid Expansion 15 / 15

Vermont has expanded its Medicaid program, which includes maternal and reproductive health care, under the Affordable Care Act.

Medicaid Family Planning Expansions 10 / 10

Vermont offers Medicaid expansions to cover family planning services for people who otherwise do not qualify for Medicaid. The expansion, in the form of a waiver, is offered to people with income levels up to 205% of the federal poverty line.

Medicaid Maternal Health Expansion 5 / 5

Vermont has expanded its Medicaid postpartum coverage to 12 months.

Insurance Coverage of Abortion 5 / 5

Vermont does not restrict coverage of abortion in private insurance plans.

ACCESS

Abortion Restrictions 15 / 15

Vermont has no laws that make it unnecessarily difficult for someone to have an abortion.

TRAP Laws 5 / 5

Vermont has not enacted a series of TRAP laws, which are targeted regulation of abortion providers beyond what is necessary to ensure patient safety.

Medication Abortion 5 / 5

Vermont currently does not have laws enacted that make it unnecessarily difficult for someone to access medication abortion.

Gender-Affirming Care Restrictions 10 / 10

Vermont does not ban best practice medical care for transgender youth and has a shield law protecting access to transgender health care.



For the complete report card and additional information, please visit: <https://reportcard.reprosfightback.com/>

A special thanks to the Guttmacher Institute, Kaiser Family Foundation, and Movement Advancement Project whose research made this report card possible. rePROS Fight Back is an initiative of the Population Institute.